



Big Brown Bat (*Eptesicus fuscus*)

- New York's largest cave bat, with a 13-inch wingspan
- Recognized by dark ears and face, and glossy, light to dar brown fur
- Typically winters near cave and mine entrances and is the NY bat to regularly winter in buildings
- Raises young in trees and buildings
- Common summer bat, can be seen early evening and into night foraging among the treetops
- Least affected New York species by white-nose syndrome

HOUSING AND INTEGRATING BATS INTO THE SUNY **GENESEO CAMPUS ECOSYSTEM** Hailey Cullen, Gabrielle Joseph, & Faculty Advisor Professor Ahmad Almomani

Design

Optimal Temperature

> Bat boxes should have a wide internal temperature gradient to accommodate maternity colonies who need higher temperatures to promote pup growth/shorten gestation periods and avoid overheating > Our design creates a temperature gradient using dark wood stain in the upper third of the box and vents without wood stain towards the bottom, a design adapted from a 2000 study on bat boxes for big brown bats that successfully created an internal temperature gradient (Brittingham & Williams, 2000)

Optimal Size

> Larger designs are best to allow for bat movement throughout the house to avoid overheating

> Our design is large at two feet tall and four feet wide > Each roosting chamber is one inch wide since this is the preferred size for big brown bats

Shape and Features

Rectangle shape with an open bottom, which is self-cleaning > The backboard extends below the entrance six inches to create a landing area for the bats

> We included three roosting chambers and a wooden roof > The interior walls, roosting chamber partitions, and landing area are covered with fiberglass insect screening (III) (IV)

Sustainability of Materials

The materials necessary for implementing this design are sufficiently sustainable in their durability and minimal harmful impact on the environment. *Untreated plywood*; durable and sustainable if FSC certified • *Fiberglass insect screening*; Recyclable and biodegradable

- *Screws*; promote longevity for the box
- *Water-based dark wood stain*; low VOC emission
- *Caulk*; promotes durability of the bat box

Considerations for Implementation

- Install the box before spring
- Gauge internal temperature range throughout the box hourly and daily before bats arrive
- Monitor bat occupancy in bat box once implemented

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